

PHYSICAL ASSESSMENT FORM

SERVICE USER	DETAILS			
Name:		Date:		
D.O.B.:		Diagnos	is:	
ASSESSMENT D	DETAILS			
Present at Asses	sment:			
Occupation:				
Centre:				
	NEURO-DE	VELOPMEN	TAL STATUS	
A: MUSCLE TON	IE			
Frunk: Jpper Limbs: Lower Limbs:	Hypotonic ⊠ Hypotonic ⊠ Hypotonic ⊠	Normal ⊠ Normal ⊠ Normal ⊠	Hypertonic ⊠ Hypertonic ⊠ Hypertonic ⊠	Fluctuating ⊠ Fluctuating ⊠ Fluctuating ⊠
B: REFLEXES (ti	ck if present or observe	d)		
Palmer Reflex Gallant Response Rooting Reflex Positive Support Rea	⊠ ⊠ ⊠ action ⊠	Asymmetric T	thine Reflex ⊠ onic Neck Reflex ⊠ nic Neck Reflex ⊠	
	TED IN CURRE	NT WHEELO	CHAIR AND SE	ATING
A: PELVIS				
Tilt (Side view)	Obliquity (Fre	ontal View) I	Rotation (Top view)	Comments:

A: PELVIS			
Tilt (Side view) Side view) Neutral Posterior Anterior	Obliquity (Frontal View) Description of the content of the conten	Rotation (Top view) Neutral Left Right Forward Forward	Comments:



B: TRUNK Anterior / posterior Scoliosis (Frontal View) Rotation (Top view) Comments: Neutral Concave Concave Neutral Thoracic Lumbar Neutral L forward R forward Left Right Kyphosis Lordosis Flat Lumbar Spine Apex at: _ C: LOWER EXTREMITIES Position (Frontal View) Thigh to Trunk angle: Windswept (Top View) Comments: Left: Right: Neutral Right Degrees Degrees Neutral ADductⁿ ABductⁿ L / R..... .L / R External rotation : L / R ☐Internal rotation: L / R Foot position: Thigh to lower leg angle: Lower leg to foot angle: Left Right Left Right Left Right Inversion Inversion Degrees Degrees Eversion ☐ Eversion Degrees Degrees Dorsi-flex Dorsi-flex Plantar-flex Plantar-flex. D: UPPER EXTREMITIES Comments: Shoulder positioning Elbow and forearm position Wrist and handgrip Level asymmetry arm support no support Wrist position: Elbow flexion: (0º- 150º) Flexion / extension: Left Right Left: Right: Deviation (ulnar/ radial): Elevated Supination: Hand grip left Depressed right Left: Right: Retracted Palmer /gross grip Protracted Pronation: Lateral pinch Left: Ext rotation Right: Tripot pinch Position Description: Int.rotation Nil grip **E: HEAD & NECK** Cervical curve (side view) Neck position (Frontal View) Control Comments: ■ Midline independent head control / Neutral and full ROM Flexion Extension Lat flexion: L / R restricted head control Cervical hyperextension restricted ROM: (Chin poke) Rotation: L / R absent head control



SUPINE LYING

A: PELVIS					
Tilt Comparison Comparison	Obliquity Obliquity Neutral Left Lower Right Lower Lowered by: fixed flexible corrects with effort: (to neutral / partial correction)	Rotation Rotation Rotation Right forward Forwarded by: fixed flexible corrects with effort (to neutral / partial correction)	Comments:		
B: TRUNK					
Anterior / posterior	Scoliosis Neutral Concave Concave Right Left S-Curve Apex at: fixed flexible corrects with effort (to neutral / partial correction)	Rotation Rotation Rotation Right forward Neutral Left forward Right forward fixed flexible corrects with effort (to neutral / partial correction)	Comments:		
Cervical curve: Resting posture: Neutral Cervical Flexion cervical hyperextension AROM Flexn	Lateral flexion: Resting posture: Neutral	Rotation: Resting posture: Neutral	Comments:		
D: UPPER EXTREMITIES					
Shoulder PROM Level asymmetry PROM L R Flexion(to 90°) Protraction Abduction Adduction Ext rotation Int.rotation	Elbow and forearm PROM Elbow flexn: PROM (0°- 150°) Left: Right: Description:	Wrist and hand Description:	Comments:		

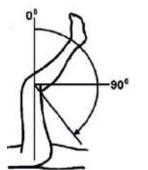


E: LOWER EXTREMITIES IN LYING

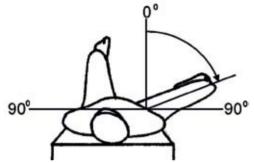


Hip Flexion / Extension with knee bent/relaxed					
	RHS			LHS	
130	0	10	130 0		10

Observations: Fixed/Flexible/Corrects with effort, tone/Spasm that may impact on seating

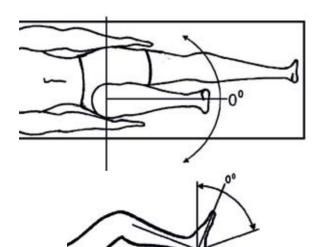


Knee Flexion / Extension with Hip Flexed at 90°, or until Pelvis rolls					
RHS		LHS			
120-150	0	0	120-150 0 0		0
Observations: Fixed/Flavible/Corrects with effort tone/Cooper that may impact an agating					



Hip Abduction / Adduction (Hip & Knee Flexed as above)						
RHS L				LHS		
50-80	0	20-30	50-80	0	20-30	
Ob	1-10		- /0 414		4	

Observations: Fixed/Flexible/Corrects with effort, tone/Spasm that may impact on seating



Hip Medially / Laterally Rotated (Hip & Knee Flexed)					
RHS LHS					
40-50	0	30-40	40-50 0 30-40		
Observations: Fixed/F	Observations: Fixed/Flexible/Corrects with effort, tone/Spasm that may impact on seating				

Ankle Dorsiflexion / Plantarflexion (Hip & Knee Flexed)

RHS
LHS

20-30 0 40-50 20-30 0 40-50

Observations: Fixed/Flexible/Corrects with effort, tone/Spasm that may impact on seating

Assessment of Hamstrings with legs together:

When Hips flexed to ______o,

Knees extend to _____º

Foot Inversion/Eversion (Hip & Knee Flexed as above)					
RHS LHS					
Observations: Fixed/Flexible/Corrects with effort, tone/Spasm that may impact on seating					



SEATED ON PLINTH

A. DELVIC	<u> </u>		
A: PELVIS			
Till	Obliquity	Rotation (A)	Simulated Sitting: Accommodations / Corrections:
Neutral Posterior Anterior fixed flexible corrects with effort (to neutral / partial correction)	Neutral Left Lower Right Lower Lowered by: fixed flexible corrects with effort: (to neutral / partial correction)	Neutral Left forward Right forward Forwarded by : fixed flexible corrects with effort (to neutral / partial correction)	Outcomes:
B: TRUNK			
Anterior / posterior	Scoliosis (Frontal View)	Rotation (Top view)	Simulated Sitting: Accommodations / Corrections:
Neutral Thoracic Lumbar Kvphosis Lordosis	Neutral Concave Concave Right Left	Neutral L forward R forward	Outcomes:
fixed flexible corrects with effort: (to neutral / partial correction)	fixed flexible corrects with effort: (to neutral / partial correction)	fixed flexible corrects with effort (to neutral / partial correction)	
C: LOWER EXTREMIT	TIES		
Initial Sitting Angles Thigh – trunk: Thigh to lower leg:	Position (Frontal View) Neutral ABduct ⁿ ADduct ⁿ L / R L / R External rotation: L / R Internal rotation: L / R fixed flexible corrects with effort: (to neutral / partial correction)	Windswept (Top View)	Simulated Sitting Angles Thigh - true Thigh to lower
D: HEAD & NECK			
Cervical curve (side view) Neutral flexion extension cervical hyperextension (Chin poke) fixed flexible corrects with effort: (to neutral / partial correction)	Neck position (Frontal View) Midline Lat flexion: L / R Rotation: L / R flexible corrects with effort: (to neutral / partial correction)	Control independent head control / and full ROM restricted head control restricted ROM: absent head control	Simulated Sitting: Accommodations / Corrections: Outcomes:



E: UPPER EXTREMITI	ES			
Shoulder positioning Level asymmetry Describe:	Elbow and forearm position Describe:	Hand and wrist positioning Describe:	Comments	:
IDEN	TIFYING LEVEL OF	RISK OF PRESSU	RE	
HIGH RISK FACTORS				
1. Does the Service User ha Location:	ve a history of skin trauma?		Yes⊠	No
2. Does the Service User procession:	esently have a skin trauma?		Yes⊠	No 🌣
Stage / Grade: 1 ☑ Rednes 2 ☑ Skin bre	-			
3 ☑ Underly 4 ☑ Sinus /	ing tissue involvement cone infection I stage description please refer to re	ferences below 2 & 3)		
3. Can the Service User do	an independent weight shift?		Yes⊠	No ◊
If yes: Is it effective	e?		Yes⊠	No ◊
If yes: Is it consist	ent?		Yes⊠	No ◊
If any of the dia	monds above are ticked the S	Service User is a High Pressur	e-Risk user	
MODERATE RISK FAC	TORS			
1. Is the Service User very k	ony in the sitting position an	d is active?	Yes	⊠ No ◊
2. Does the Service User ha	ve atrophied muscle in the si	tting surface and is active?	Yes	⊠ No ◊
3. Does the Service User ha	ve impaired/absent sensation	on sitting/lying surface and is	s active? Yes	⊠ No ◊
If any of the diamonds abo High Pressure Risk user)	ve are ticked the Service Use	er is a Moderate Pressure-Risk	c user (unless	already a
LOW RISK				
If no diamonds in any of the	above sections above are tid	cked the Service User is a Low	Pressure-Ris	k user
FINAL RISK: Hig	gh□ Mode	erate□ L	ow□	
National Pressure Ulcer Adviso	ry Panel (NPUAP). (Last updated 1	1/2003). NPUAP Staging Report. http	 o://www.npuap.org/	positn6.html

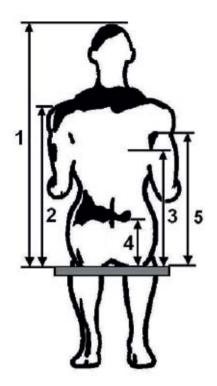


referenced 10/06/2005.
2.Cook, A. M., & Hussey, S. M. (2002). Assistive Technology: Principles and Practice. (Second Edition). Mosby, Inc: St. Louis. Ch6, Pg189



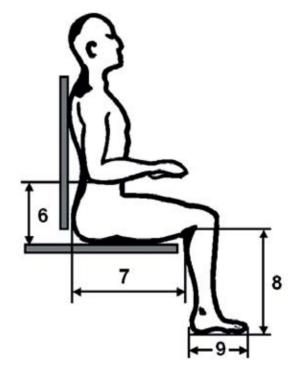
LINEAR MEASUREMENTS

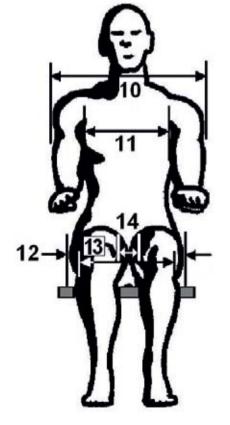
A: BASIC MEASUREMENTS IN SITTING



	Linear Body Actual Measure Measurement (cm)		
		R	L
1	Sitting Height		
2	Shoulder Height		
3	Scapula Height		
4	PSIS Height		
5	Axilla Height		

Linear Body Measurement		Actual Measureme (cm)	
		R	L
6	Elbow Height		
7	Buttock / Thigh Depth		
8	Lower Leg Length		
9	Foot Depth		



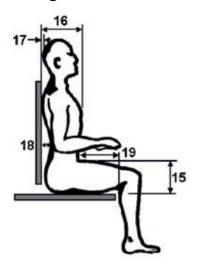


Linear Body Measurement		Actual Measurement (cm)	
		R	L
10	Shoulder Width		
11	Chest Width		
12	Hip Width		
13	External Knee Width		
14	Internal Knee Separation		



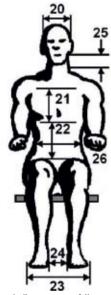
B: ADVANCED MEASUREMENTS IN SITTING

Additional Sagittal Plane measurements



	Linear Body Measurement	Actual Measurement (cm)
15	Thigh Clearance	
16	Trunk Depth	
17	Occiput Depth	
18	Lumbar Depth	
19	Inner-Thigh Depth	

Additional Frontal Plane measurements



Linear Body Measurement		Actual Measurement (cm)	
20	Head Width		
21	Sternal Length		
22	Abdominal Height		
23	External Foot Width		
24	Internal Foot Separation		
25	Occiput to C7		
26	Waist Width		

^{3.} Definitions and diagrams of linear measures of body segments adapted from: ISO/CD 16840-1 Wheelchair Seating standard, Part 01: Terms and Definitions.

C: TRUNK SYMMETRY MEASUREMENTS

Sitting

A = Right Coracoid	AC =	cm
B = Left Coracoid	BD =	cm
C = Right ASIS	AD =	cm
D = Left ASIS	BC =	cm

Lvino

Lying					
A = Right Coracoid	AC =	cm			
B = Left Coracoid	BD =	cm			
C = Right ASIS	AD =	cm			
D = Left ASIS	BC =	cm			

